How housing markets are changing and why that matters



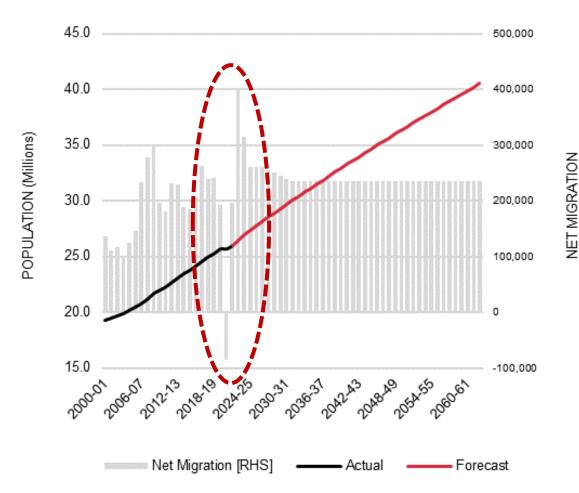
Overview

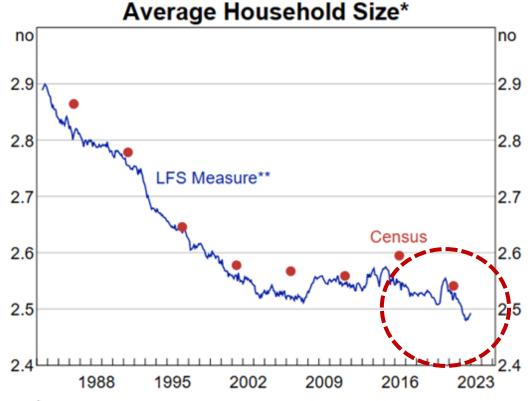
- 1. Population growth and household size
- 2. Insufficient supply
- 3. Affordability problem
- 4. The national commitment
- 5. Inadequate systems of building
- Prefabrication solutions rethinking terminal value and the role of a carbon price
- Increased value supporting upstream investment



Population growth and smaller households = more and smaller dwellings

Growing Population – Driven By Migration





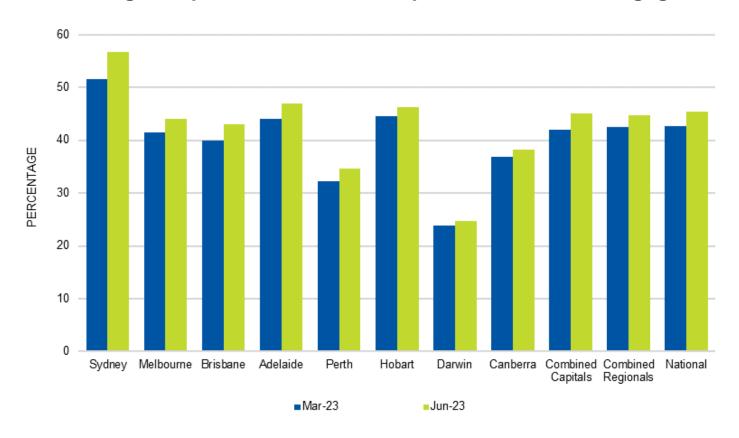
- * Average number of persons usually resident in an occupied private dwelling; excludes visitors and persons in non-private dwellings (e.g. hotels and hospitals).
- ** Estimated using Labour Force Survey microdata; seasonally adjusted.

Sources: ABS; RBA



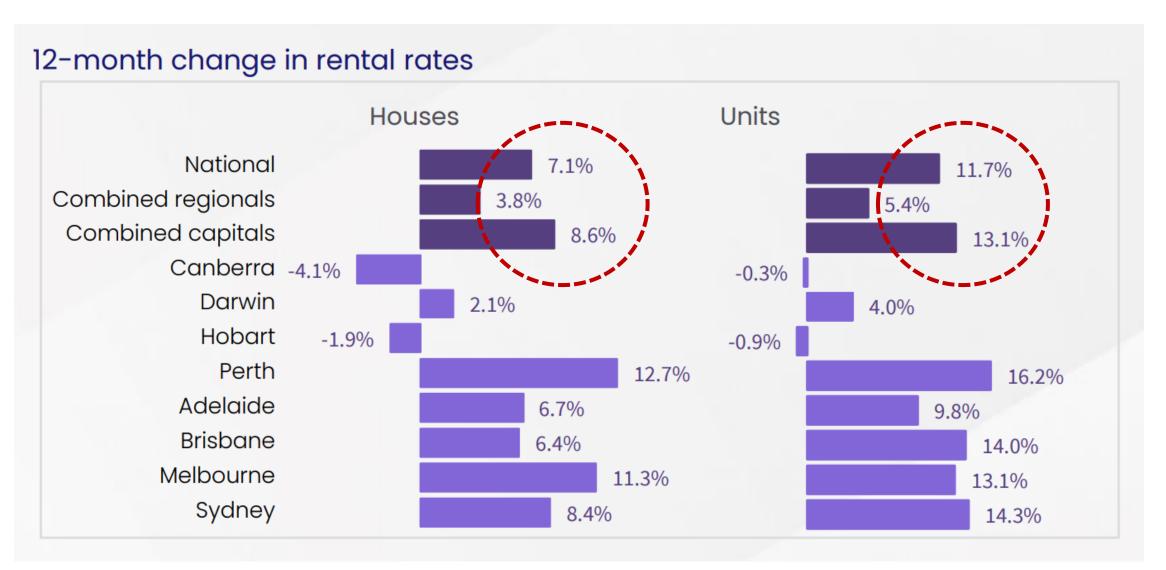
Housing affordability worsened in the June quarter

Average Proportion of Income Required to Cover a Mortgage



Percentage	Mar-23	Jun-23
Sydney	51.6	56.7
Melbourne	41.5	44.0
Brisbane	39.9	43.0
Adelaide	44.1	47.0
Perth	32.2	34.7
Hobart	44.6	46.3
Darwin	23.9	24.8
Canberra	36.9	38.3
Combined Capitals	42.1	45.1
Combined Regionals	42.5	44.7
National	42.7	45.5

Rental affordability is a genuine crisis





Increasing housing supply is the only solution

NATIONAL CABINET COMMITMENT

TARGET

Commencing mid-20241.2 Million in 5 years200,000 above previous target

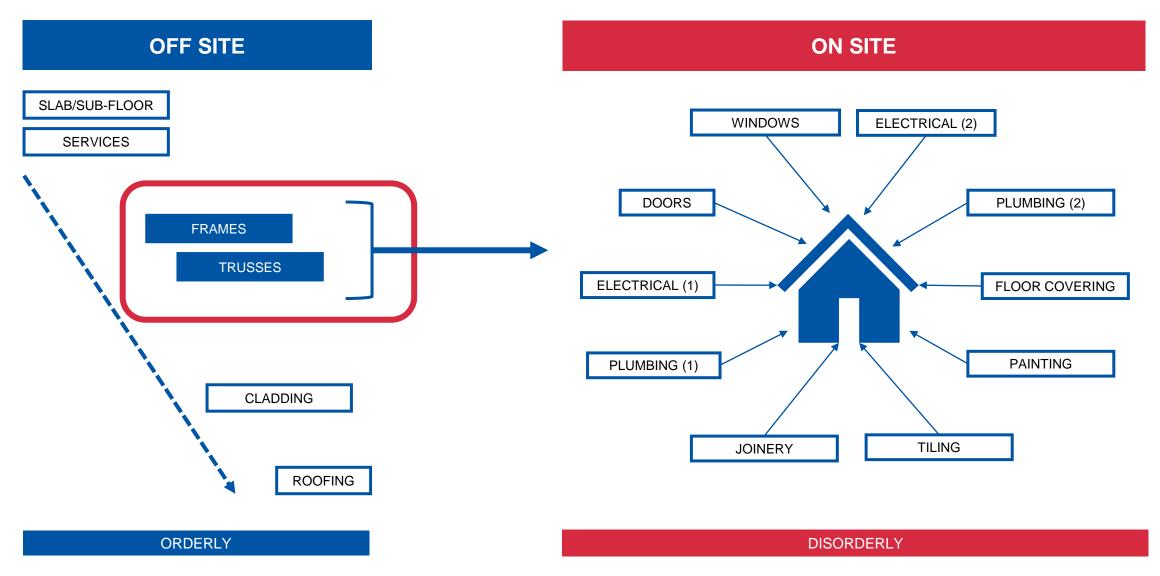
CHALLENGE

~ Need 240,000 homes pa ~ All-time peak = 231,000 ~ Current = 173,000 How does Australia make this happen?

Collateral target is net zero, which means timber must play a greater role than ever before

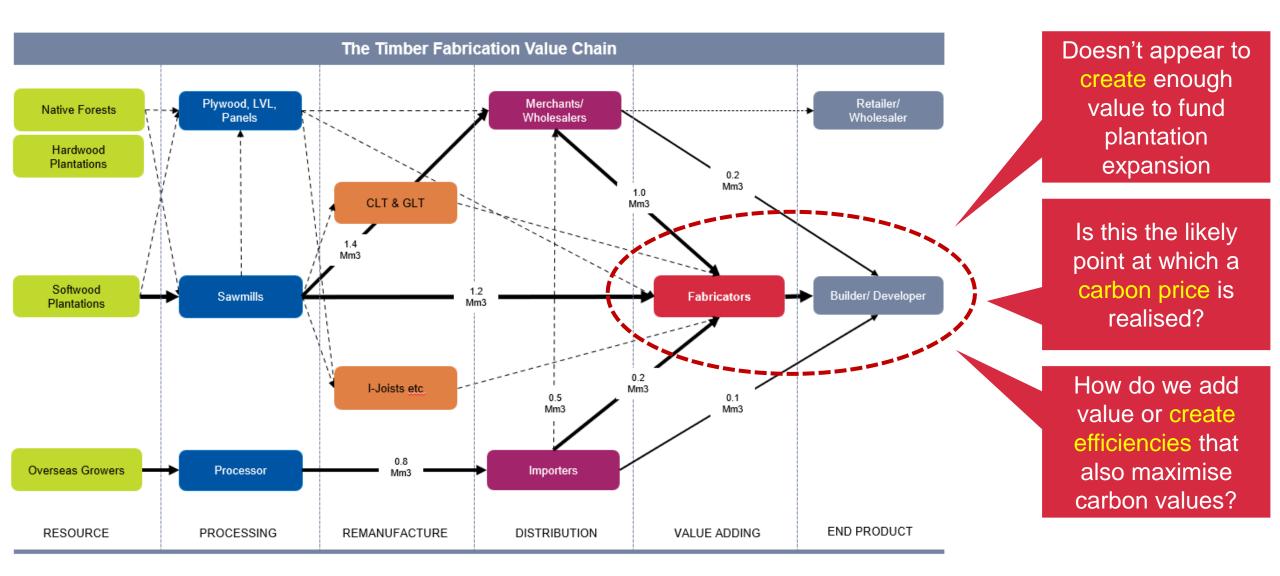


Australia's 'system' for building houses is no longer fit for purpose





Structural timber's value is mainly extracted in fabrication: terminal value





SOLUTION: Expanded prefabrication and increased resource efficiency







Contact

tim@industryedge.com.au

+61 (0) 419 352 869

www.industryedge.com.au

